

Risk Overview

Known Limitations of Model 2.0



Useful for Most Members, But Not Good Enough



Inflexible Architecture

Not Customizable, Slow to Improve

- Increasingly diverse institutions and student populations require different approaches
- Revealed need for more flexible technology



Not Consistent or Reliable



- Pre-enrollment data provided only indirect contribution to risk
- "Day 1 Risk" not consistent or reliable for many members



Time & Credit Accumulation

Not Fully Accounted for

- Risk model accounts for skills but not progress toward degree
- e.g. Seniors about to graduate who present as "high risk"

Subpopulations

Can't Treat Different People Separately



- Certain factors should have more or less weight for specific populations
- e.g. Transfer students

What's New in 2.5



2.5

Flexible Design, Better Use of Existing Data, Overall Improvement in Accuracy

Motivations

- Set the stage for future flexibility and customization
- Address some known limitations

Key Enhancements

- Pre-enrollment data used directly.
 More accurate impact on risk estimates.
- Improved accounting for time and credit accumulation. More trustworthy scores for all students.
- Better handling of multiple majors and major switching



Risk Model Report

- Serves as a checkpoint before the model is enabled in Production
- Option to stay with 2.0 model if appropriate

Includes:

- Model description
 - · What data sources were used?
 - How can we customize even further?
- Model quality (for historical students)
 - · How accurate is the model overall?
 - For students with different standing?
 - For students in different majors?
- Model comparison
 - Prediction quality compared to a simple rule-of-thumb model

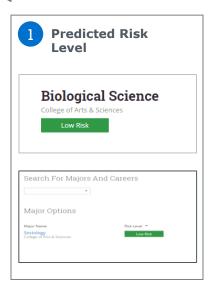




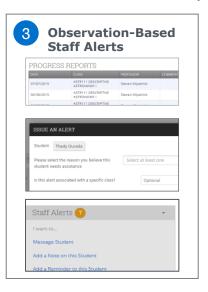
Three Indicators of Student Risk in the Platform

Empirical
Calculated
Based on Historic Performance

Behavioral
Observed
Based on Current Performance







Predicted Risk Level



What is a Student Risk Prediction?

Student Risk Prediction

Definition: For SSC—Campus, a student risk prediction is the likelihood that a student will graduate from the institution according to the institution's predictive model.

For each institution, a custom-built predictive model is created by EAB's data science team using historical student records to identify which data points are important for predicting graduation. Student risk predictions are then generated by passing an individual student's data (e.g., current Major, cumulative GPA) into the predictive model for calculation.

What Goes in Our Unique Risk Model?



Incorporated Today



Institutional Academic Data

Attempted Credits Trend **Completed Terms** Credits Since Last Major Change Cumulative GPA Current Major Frequency Current Major(s) D-F-W Counts D-F-W Trend Earned-Attempted Credit Ratio **Estimated Skills** GPA Trend Grade Variance Lifetime Attempted Credits Major(s)-Skills Alignment Number of Current Majors Number of Former Majors



Pre-College Data

- Standardized SAT/ACT Exam Scores
- Transfer Credit Proportion
- Transfer Student Indicator



Demographic Data

- Gender
- Ethnicity



Success Markers and Alerts Not Included

Success markers and staff alerts are not incorporated into the risk model. Therefore, a student's risk prediction is not influenced by their presence or absence.

Term GPA



How the SSC—Campus Risk Model Works

Risk Model Creates Individual Risk Predictions for Each Student



We start with a student's courses and grades



Student Data Inputs



Academic and Course Registration Records



Student Demographic Data

Pre-College Academic Data



Analyze historical records, searching for academically similar students









And predict their likelihood to graduate

Predictive Outputs



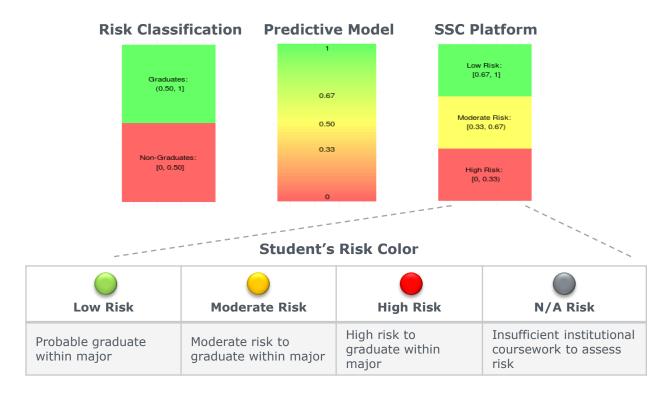
Risk given current major



Risk given other majors









How do I Use a Student's Risk Prediction?

9

Tips from Our SSC Advisors on How to Use Risk Prediction Effectively



How to Use Predicted Risk Effectively

- Use risk levels to strategize which students to monitor more heavily
- Use risk predictions to explore major options and strengthen longterm academic planning conversations
- Explain to students their risk score to create a sense of urgency for resistant students
- Consider predicted difficulty to help students select and prepare for upcoming courses
- Contextualize a student's risk score by remembering the group against which that student is being compared



...And How Not To

- Don't only meet with "red" students
- <u>Don't</u> ignore your intuition and experience in evaluating whether a student might be at risk
- <u>Don't</u> make all your "red" students switch to a "green" major
- <u>Don't</u> ignore a student's passion if it's in a "red" or "yellow" area
- <u>Don't</u> assume a student won't or can't graduate because they are "red"; "red" is a probability, not a fate

Where Risk Level Appears in the Platform

Student's Overview Page

Current Risk Level in Declared Major



Advanced Search

Risk Level as a Filter



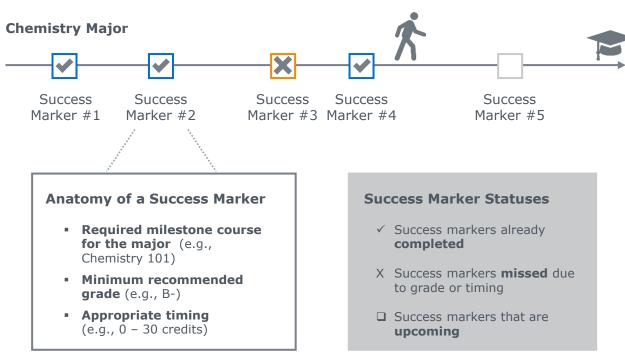
Student's Major Explorer Tab

Predicted Risk Level in Alternate Majors



Success Markers

Success Markers help platform users gauge whether a student is on track in their major by comparing their behaviors and outcomes to standard milestones of degree progress and performance

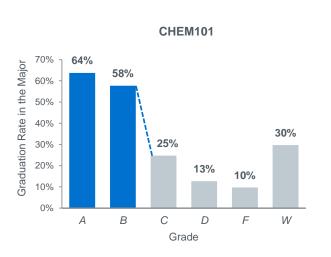


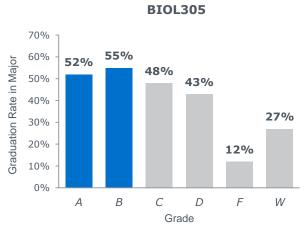
Where Do They Come From?



Analysis of Historical Records Identifies Highly-Predictive Courses and Grades

Two Required Courses for a Chemistry Major



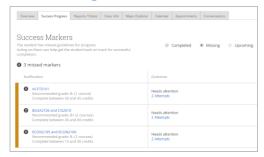




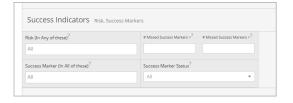


Success Markers in the Platform

Summary of All Success Markers in the Success Progress Tab



Success Markers and Number of Missed Success Markers as Filters in the Advanced Search



Number of Missed Success Markers on a **Student's Overview Page**



An Ongoing Process

Initially, Success Markers will not be available for all programs. As Success Marker development progresses, additional programs will see Success Markers become available in the platform.



Alerts Triggered by Observation-Based Risk Assessment

Staff Alerts

Definition: Staff alerts are risk alerts created by platform users (e.g., faculty member, advisor) when they observe a student behavior (e.g., multiple absences, emotional distress) or performance indicator (e.g., failed test) that suggests the student is struggling to succeed and may potentially be at-risk to leave your institution.

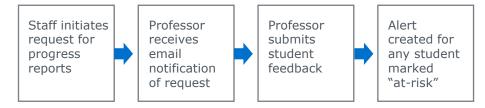
Unlike student risk predictions and success markers, which rely on end-of-term data (e.g., final course grades, term credit completion ratio), staff alerts are based on in-term data.

How Are Alerts Created?



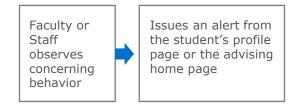
Two Mechanisms for Generating Alerts

Course-Specific Alerts Issued by Professors through the Progress Report Process



^{*}Professors can also submit unsolicited progress reports at any time in the platform

2 General or Course-Specific Alerts Issued by Platform Users at Any Time



Where Alerts Appear in the Platform

Summary of Alerts on a Student's Overview Page



Alert Details on a Student's Reports/Notes Tab



Practice Question

Ask Yourself

Risk prediction, success markers, and staff alerts measure student risk in different ways. Users who are less familiar with the way risk predictions and success markers are generated may struggle to interpret "contradictory" signals about a student.

If you found a student with a low risk prediction (GREEN) but also three missed success markers and two staff alerts, what could be happening?



Campaigns and Reports

What is a Campaign?



Focus

Focus in on one of your institution's areas of greatest opportunity for improvement

Resources:

- · Institution Reports
- EAB Best-Practice Research

Contact

Send proactive outreach to students to establish contact and encourage action

Resources:

- CSV Exportation
- Campaign Toolkit (3)

Follow Up

Follow up on student progress and track campaign outcomes

Resources:

Notes & Statuses





















Identify

Create a list of students with target attributes to define your target population

Resources:

· Filtering & Work Lists

Intervene

Meet with students and provide tailored advising support to this population's shared needs

Resources:

- · Student Profiles
- Risk Analysis & Major Explorer





Common Campaigns from SSC Member Institutions

Campaign Population	Example Filters	Action
Students who have not enrolled for the fall semester	Type: Students Enrollment Status: Not Enrolled Enrollment Term: Fall 2016 Check Box: My Students Only	Encourage students to meet with their advisor and enroll in courses for the following semester
At-risk students that may need to switch majors	Risk Level: High Earned Credits: 45-70	Encourage students to evaluate their academic performance and consider a major change
Undeclared students above a certain credit threshold	Major: Undeclared, Pre-major Earned Credits: At least 30, 45, or 60 credits (depending on the institution)	Help students select the appropriate major and declare as soon as possible
Potential recruits for the honors program	Enrollment: Currently enrolled Risk Level: Low Missed Success Markers: Less than 2 GPA: Over 3.70	Discuss strong academic performance and potential enrollment in the honors program
High-performing students for recruitment to a particular major	Enrollment: Currently enrolled Risk Level: Low Major: Undeclared	Ensure high-performing students know they are capable of taking on challenging majors

User Tools and Resources

SSC Resources Available to Support Platform Learning and Usage

SSC Help Center



eLearning Modules

Training videos that guide users on how to use the major features and functionalities in the SSC—Campus platform



User Guide

Web-based reference documentation that gives detailed explanations and instructions for using the SSC—Campus platform



Topic-Specific Help Pages

Search for additional help on a specific topic through the help page links. Topics are divided by user type to help quickly identify features related to your question.